

# A Brief Report on Implementation of the CHT Accord Signed in 1997 between the Government of Bangladesh and the PCJSS

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Parbatya Chattagram Jana Samhati Samiti

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on Implementation of the CHT Accord**

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# Forewords

The problem that prevails in Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT) is a political and national problem. With an objective to resolve the crisis politically and peacefully, dialogues had been held, respectively, with the Ershad government for 6 times; later on, 13 times with the Khaleda Zia-led BNP government; and at the last, 7 times with the Hasina-led Awami League government the effort of which means holding altogether 26 times consecutive dialogues with the 3 successive governments; and in continuation to the exertion, the CHT Accord 1997 was signed on 2 December 1997. Reposing full and unswerving allegiance in the State-sovereignty and territorial integrity of Bangladesh regarding its hill tracts region within the ambit of the Constitution of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, the National Committee on CHT on behalf of the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh and the Parbatya Chattagram Jana Samhati Samiti (PCJSS) on behalf of the inhabitants of the CHT region have reached an Agreement, comprised of four Parts (A, B, C, D), with a view to upholding the political, social, cultural, educational and economic rights of all the citizens of the CHT region and expediting their socio-economic development process and preserving and developing the respective rights of all the citizens of Bangladesh.

After signing the Accord in 1997, as though there have been 5 political governments and 2 Caretaker governments in the state power, none of the governments came forward with goodwill gesture to implement the CHT Accord. As a result of 'Anti-discrimination Students Movement' waged in July-August last, the Hasina-led Awami League government met its downfall on 5 August 2024. Following this, the Interim Government led by Dr. Muhammad Yunus was formed. Though it passes almost 4 months after formation of the Interim Government, the government has stepped up no initiative to implement the Accord. Consequently, as though 27 years have passed, two-third sections of the Accord including the core issues have remained unimplemented, as of today.

Among others, the issues that have been left unimplemented are: stepping up lawful and administrative measures to preserve the tribal-inhabited feature of the CHT region; devolving the subjects of general administration, law & order, police (local), land & land management, forest & environment, development of communication system, etc. to the CHT Regional Council and three Hill District Councils established under the Special Governance System within purview of the Accord and holding elections in the Councils after formulation of Election Rules, Electoral Rules and enumeration of the permanent residents of CHT in the electoral roll; Formation of Hill Police Force with the permanent residents of CHT; Returning of the dispossessed lands of Jumma people to the owners by settling the disputes of lands through the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission and formulation of the Rules of the Commission; Cancellation of all leases of lands given to the non-residents; Withdrawal of all temporary camps including the 'Operation Uttoran' (Operation Upliftment); Ensuring proper rehabilitation of the

India-returnee Jumma refugees and internally displaced Jumma families after returning their dispossessed lands to them; Appointment of permanent residents in all available jobs in CHT with priority preference to the Jumma people; Bringing amendment to all the laws, Rules and Regulations applicable to CHT in consonance with the CHT Accord; to remove all the settlers from the lands of Jumma people and rehabilitate them in the plains, etc.

Due to non-implementation of the Accord, let alone the achieving political and peaceful solution to the CHT crisis, rather, the steam roller of discrimination and deprivation upon the indigenous Jumma people by the state machineries has gotten further intensified and that the brutal suppression and regression has gotten escalated day by day. The state-machinery-led programs that stand counter to the CHT Accord and Interest of the Jumma people has been escalated vigorously. As a result, the daily-routine life of CHT people passes through the events of arbitrary arrest, jailing, extra-judicial killings, kidnapping, forceful eviction from own land and homestead, entangling in false-hood cases, communal attacks, arson, violence upon women, etc.

After signing of the Accord, when asked for human rights situation and implementation of the Accord, every government in the power has been found taking vain attempts to lay out a cover over their failures and regressive measures by pronouncing list of various development achievements. It is hoped that the Interim Government that has ascended to the power through the Anti-discrimination Movement of Students and masses will be able to realize the existent discrimination, suppression, regression and deprivation upon the Jumma people at the depth and as a part of reforms, will pace forward with firmness and the PCJSS nurtures a hope that the Interim Government will be effortful and active in implementing the Accord properly, speedily and to the full.

# **Statement of the Inter-Ministerial Committee on Evaluation, Progress and Monitoring of the CHT Accord and Opinion of the PCJSS thereof on implementation of the CHT Accord**

Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT) Accord was signed on 2 December 1997. There are 4 parts in the Accord. Under Part 'A', there are 4 Sections. As per Part 'B', amendment was brought to 35 Sections from among the 79 Sections of the Hill District Local Government Council Act and 44 Sections were retained as before. Under Part 'C' on Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council, there are 14 Sections and it is mentioned to the affect that the other Sections and Sub-Sections shall be incorporated following the Hill District Council Acts. Part 'D' contains General Amnesty, Rehabilitation and Other Matters and 19 Sections were incorporated in this part. Therefore, implementation of CHT Accord refers to implementation of the provisions included under Part 'A', provisions of Hill District Council (Amendment) Act 1989 including the concerned provisions incorporated as per Part 'B', the provisions of Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council Act 1998 formulated as per Part 'C' and implementation of the provisions incorporated in Part 'D' of the Accord.

According to the report prepared by the 'Inter-Ministerial Committee on Evaluation, Progress and Monitoring of the CHT Accord' held on 25/11/2022, out of the 72 sections, 65 sections have already been completely implemented, 3 sections partially implemented while the implementation process of 4 sections is ongoing. But according to the PCJSS, it is only 25 sections out of 72 have been implemented while 29 sections have been left totally unimplemented and the government has been violating these sections, instead. The remaining 18 sections have been partially implemented. In context of the latest government statement, the opinion of the PCJSS has been given herein below:



Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of former AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(A) GENERAL:</b>			
<b>A.1.</b>	Both the parties, having considered the Chittagong Hill Tracts region as a tribe-inhabited region, recognized the need of preserving the characteristics of this region and attaining the overall development thereof.	<b>Implemented.</b> Outline has been given in the Government's Vision 2021 and in 7th Five-Year Plan. Preservation and development issues of language and culture of tribes, small ethnic groups and nationalities have been ensured through inclusion under Sub-Article 23(a) of the 15th Amendment of the Constitution.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> In ensuring the provision of the Accord, the other provisions, such as, resolution of land disputes, establishment of special administrative system in CHT, rehabilitation of returnee refugees and internally tribal families, determination and execution of definition of non-tribal permanent residents, preparation of electoral roll with the permanent residents etc. have not been implemented yet. It is worthy to be mentioned that in context of demand placed by PCJSS, the then Chief Whip Mr. Abul Hasnat Abdullah, Convener of National Committee on CHT Affairs time and again informed the PCJSS representatives that the settlers who had been rehabilitated in 1980s, as assured by the Prime Minister, would be relocated in the plain lands. But it was for some special reason that could not be mentioned in the Accord. Referring to that assurance, Honorable Prime Minister reiterated the issue to the PCJSS representatives headed by PCJSS President soon after the occasion of signing the Accord on 2 December 1997 in Dhaka.</p> <p>The statement pronounced by the government claiming that the issue of development and preservation of language and culture of the tribes, minor races, ethnic sects and communities has been ensured through inclusion in Article 23(a) under the 15th Amendment to the constitution is not appropriate.</p> <p>In order to preserve the tribal pre-dominated characteristics of the region, on part of the government, it is urgent (1) to introduce a statutory measure to the constitution stating that CHT is a region pre-dominated by multi-lingual hill/tribal people; (2) to incorporate the words 'or the hill people of Chittagong Hill Tracts' immediately after the words "in favour of women or children or the backward sections of citizens" in Article 28(4) of the constitution and (3) to adopt and implement a plan for rehabilitation of settlers settled in 1980s in the plain districts. However, no measure has yet been undertaken to that affect.</p>
<b>A.2.</b>	Both the parties have agreed to make alter, amend and add to, in consonance with the consensus and responsibilities expressed in the different section of this Agreement, the relevant laws, regulations and practices according to law as early as possible.	<b>Implemented.</b> Three Hill District Council Acts 1989 have been amended as per the provision of the CHT Accord.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b></p> <p>The three Hill District Council Acts and CHT Regional Council Act were formulated in 1998. The CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission (Amendment) Act 2016 was though enacted owing to amend contradictory sections of the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission Act 2001, but the Rules of the Land Commission is yet to be finalised.</p> <p>For making the said provision of the Accord effective, amendment to the other laws applicable in CHT (such as, Laws, Regulations, Rules, Orders, Circulations, Allocation of Business of various ministries, etc.) including Police Act 1861, Police Regulation, Forest Act 1927 and the special laws relating to CHT (such as, CHT Regulation 1900, etc.) is a must. The CHT Regional Council submitted amendment proposals of various laws, regulations and circulations, however, the government did not take any initiative in this regard. So, the government opinion claiming the provision 'to have been completely implemented' is not correct.</p>

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<b>(A) GENERAL:</b>			
<b>A.3.</b>	<p>In order to monitor the process of implementation of this Agreement, an Implementation Committee will be formed with the following members:</p> <p>a) A member to be nominated by the Prime Minister: Convenor</p> <p>b) The Chairman of the Task Force formed with the Purview of this agreement: Member</p> <p>c) The President of the Parbatya Chattagram Jana Samhati Samiti: Member</p>	<p><b>Implemented.</b> In order to monitor the Accord implementation process, a 3-member Committee has been re-constituted with Abul Hasnat Abullah, Member of Parliament, as the Convener on 18/01/2018.</p> <p>Accord Implementation Committee-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Abul Hasnat Abdullah, MP-Convener,</li> <li>2. President of Parbatya Chattagram Jana Samhati Samiti (Jyotirindra Bodhipriya Larma).</li> <li>3. Chairman of Task Force on India-Returnee Refugees (Kujendra Lal Tripura, MP).</li> </ol> <p>6 meetings of this committee have been held.</p>	<p><b>Partially implemented.</b></p> <p>According to the provision of the Accord, the CHT Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee has been being formed so far. But this Committee does not have any office, manpower and fund of its own. So, the government opinion claiming the provision 'to have been completely implemented' is not correct.</p> <p>Besides, no decision taken in the meeting of Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee was implemented. For example, in 2010, the CHT Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee meeting took a decision to cancel the jurisdiction of issuing permanent resident certificates of Hill Districts vested on the Deputy Commissioner in violation of the CHT Accord, but it was not implemented. Besides, in several meetings of the Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee held in 2018-19, the decision was taken to transfer the subject of 'police (local)' and 'law and order maintenance and development' to the three Hill District Councils and to form the hill district police force. But without implementing these decisions, on April 13, 2022, through an instruction from the Armed Police Battalion Headquarters, initiatives have been taken to deploy APBN in place of withdrawn army camps, which is a direct violation of the CHT Accord.</p> <p>Bypassing the CHT Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee formed in accordance with the Accord and Parbatya Chattagram Jana Samhati Samiti (PCJSS) as well as violating the CHT Accord, a 10-member 'inter-ministerial committee on Evalution, Progress and Monitoring of the CHT Accord' was formed on September 28, 2022 by the CHT Affairs Ministry to review and evaluate the implementation/non-implementation of the CHT Accord and make recommendations on the next steps. The said committee consists of one officer each from Law and Justice Department, Local Government Department, Ministry of Lands, Public Security Department, Secondary and Higher Education Department and Ministry of Foreign Affairs and four officers from the Ministry of CHT Affairs under the leadership of the Additional Secretary of the CHT Ministry.</p> <p>The Inter-Ministerial Committee formed by the Ministry of CHT Affairs is completely contradictory to the Accord and a direct violation of the Accord.</p>
<b>A.4.</b>	<p>The Agreement shall come into force from the date of its signing and execution by both the parties. This Agreement shall remain valid from the date of its effect until all the steps are executed as per this Agreement.</p>	<p><b>Implemented.</b> The CHT Accord is in force since the date it was done and signed by both the parties on 2 December 1997 and it is continuing.</p>	<p><b>Implementation ongoing.</b> In 2000 and 2007 two cases were filed with the High Court division of Supreme Court against CHT Accord and the three Hill District Council Act(s) formulated there under. The verdict given by High Court on 13 April 2010 pronounced CHT Regional Council and some of the sections in Hill District Council Act to be contravening to the constitution, which was stayed by the Chamber Court of the Appellate Division following the writ against verdict of the High Court'</p>



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<b>(A) GENERAL:</b>			
			No initiative has been undertaken on part of the government during the last 13 years for speedy resolution of the two on-going suits in the Appellate Division. Hence, the government opinion claiming the issue as 'to have been completely implemented' is not correct.
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
<b>B.</b>	Both the parties have agreed to alter, amend, add to and repeal the Parbatya Zilla Sthanio Sarkar Parishad Ayin, 1989 (Rangamati Parbatya Zilla Sthanio Sarkar Parishad Ayin, 1989, Bandarban Parbatya Zilla Sthanio Sarkar Parishad Ayin, 1989 and Khagrachari Parbatya Zilla Sthanio Sarkar Parishad Ayin, 1989) and its various sections, as may be in force till the date of commencement of this Agreement, in the manner set forth here under:	<b>Implemented.</b> According to the CHT Accord, having the concerned sections added, the three Hill District Council Acts have been put into force. There is a set of Rules of Business framed by the three Hill District Councils.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Though the three Hill District Council Acts have been amended, the section on development has not been amended properly. The Chairmen have not been re-awarded status of the Deputy Minister. The functions of three Hill District Councils have not been being transferred through Executive Order. In fact, the Hill District Council Acts are not being applied properly.
<b>B.1.</b>	The word "Tribe" used in the various sections of the Council Act shall remain in tact.	<b>Implemented.</b> It remains in force as before.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.2.</b>	The name of "Parbatya Zilla Sthanio Sarkar Parishad" shall be amended and this Council shall be re-named as "Parbatya Zilla Parishad"	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 4(b) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.3.</b>	"Non-tribal Permanent Resident" shall mean a person who is not a tribal and who has lands of lawful entitlement in the hill districts and who generally lives	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 4(aa). In	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Having the section violated, the office order of dated 21/12/2000 that was given by the Ministry of CHT Affairs empowering the Deputy Commissioners with authority for issuing Permanent Resident Certificate alongside the Circle Chiefs. This illegal office order has not been withdrawn despite repeated demand. The Deputy Commissioners have been

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	in the hill districts at a specific address.	such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	issuing the Permanent Resident Certificate to those non-tribals who are not residents of CHT. Certiificate of the category is being used, especially, in obtaining job, land settlement, loans, enrollment in Electoral Roll or admission for education under quota system.
<b>B.4.</b>	a) There shall be 3 (three) seats for women in every Hill District Council. One third (1/3) third (1/3) of these seats shall be for the non-tribals.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 6(a) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the interim Councils are in function, but the women members could not be elected in the reserved seats.
	b) Sub-section 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 4 shall remain in force as per the original Act.	<b>Implemented.</b> It remains in force as before.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	c) The words "Deputy Commissioner" and "Deputy Commissioner's" appearing in the second line of sub-section (5) of section 4 shall be substituted by the words "Circle Chief" and "Circle Chief's" respectively.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 6(d). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	c) The words "Deputy Commissioner" and "Deputy Commissioner's" appearing in the second line of sub-section (5) of section 4 shall be substituted by the words "Circle Chief" and "Circle Chief's" respectively.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 6(d). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	d) The following sub-section shall be added to section 4: "Whether a person is a non-tribal or not and, if so, which community he is a member of, shall be	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 6(e) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The said provision of the Accord has been duly incorporated in the new Sub-Section (5) under Section 4 of the Hill District Council Act. But the provision has never been implemented.  It is mentioned in the letter from Ministry of CHT Affairs to the Deputy Commissioners and

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	determined, subject to his producing a certificate from the concerned Mouza Headman/Union Council Chairman/Municipality Chairman, by the concerned Circle Chief and without a certificate in this connection being received from the Circle Chief, no person shall be eligible as a non-tribal to be candidate for the post of a non-tribal member".	circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p>Circle Chiefs of Chittagong Hill Tracts [letter no. PCBM (P-1) PJP/certificate/62/99-587 dated 21/12/2000] that "Alongside the Deputy Commissioners of Hill Districts, the Circle Chiefs, in need relating to job, shall also issue Permanent Resident Certificate within their respective jurisdiction." The directive given in the letter is contravening to the Hill District Council Act enacted in light of the CHT Accord.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that the Deputy Commissioners of three hill districts have been issuing Permanent Resident Certificates to such individuals who are not permanent residents of hill districts. The certificates of the kind have been being used especially, in obtaining jobs, land settlements or in admission cases of educational institutions. At this, the permanent residents of both tribal and non-tribal people are being deprived from getting jobs and opportunities of receiving due facilities during admission in the educational institutions all along.</p> <p>A threadbare discussion on putting an end to the process of obtaining the said certificates from the Deputy Commissioners by the non-resident and non-tribal individuals in CHT and from outside CHT, was held at Ministry of CHT Affairs Conference Hall under chair of Syeda Sajeda Chowdhury, then Convener of CHT Accord Implementation Committee on 26 December 2010 and it was resolved that issuance of certificate by the Deputy Commissioners shall be cancelled.</p> <p>The responsibility of taking initiative to execute the said decision of CHT Accord Implementation Committee falls upon the Ministry of CHT Affairs. But no initiative has been undertaken to execute the said decision as yet.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that there is no provision relating to issuance of 'Permanent Resident Certificate to the non-tribal people' in CHT Regulation, 1900 and it is only the responsibility of granting citizenship certificate (v. granting domicile certificate) has been entrusted to the Deputy Commissioners in the Sub-directive No. 5 of Directive No. 11 (Licence and Certificates) under 'Charter of Duties of Deputy Commissioners' formulated by Cabinet Division in November 1983.</p> <p>So, to withdraw the directive relating to entrusting responsibility of issuing non-tribal permanent resident certificate to Deputy Commissioners is indispensable.</p>
<b>B.5.</b>	It is provided in Section 7 that a person elected to the post of Chairman or Member shall, before assumption of office, swear or affirm oath before the Commissioner, Chittagong Division. This shall be amended by provisions to	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 7(a). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> This provision has been left unimplemented as to this day. For the past 26 years, the government has been undemocratically appointing chairmen-members of three interim Hill District Councils through fax.

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	the effect that the Members shall swear or affirm oath before "a Judge of the High Court Division" instead of the "Commissioner, Chittagong Division".		
<b>B.6.</b>	The words "to the Commissioner, Chittagong Division" appearing in the fourth line of section 8 shall be substituted by the words "as per election rules".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 8 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.7.</b>	The words "three years" in the second line of Section 10 shall be substituted by the words "five years".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 9 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The elected Councils for not having formed, functions are being performed by the interim Councils. The interim Councils are subject to undergo reorganization with own partisan individuals as per whims and wishes of the parties that alternately assume the power.
<b>B.8.</b>	It shall be provided in Section 14 that in the event of the post of Chairman falling vacant for any cause or of his absence, a tribal member elected by other members of the Council shall preside over and discharge other responsibilities.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 10. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.9.</b>	The existing Section 17 shall be substituted by the following sentences: "A person shall be entitled to be considered as legally eligible for enlistment in the Voters' List if he is (1) a citizen of Bangladesh, (2) not below 18 years of age, (3) not declared by any competent court to be of unsoundly	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 11 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The provision of the Accord as aforesaid has been incorporated under Section 17 of the HDC Act. But this provision has not been made effective. It is worthy to be mentioned that the provision of permanent resident to become a voter is one of the provisions that have been incorporated to preserve the tribal-inhabited feature of CHT. Especially, the balance of population got changed due to transfer of almost 500,000 non-tribal people to CHT under government plan in 1980s. Hence, it has become indispensable to incorporate this provision in the Accord.

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	mind, (4) a permanent resident of the hill district.		<p>The CHT Regional Council is constantly discussing with the concerned authorities of the government including the Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs and the Honorable Prime Minister's Office.</p> <p>While violating the provision, the outsiders including the Rohingyas are also being inumerated in the Electoral Rolls in CHT. The Election Rules of Chairman and Members of Hill District Council and the Electoral Roll Rules of Permanent Residents have not yet been framed up. Without bringing to the notice of CHT Regional Council, Section 18 under Hill District Council Acts (the Acts of 33, 34 and 35 of 2000) has been amended in contravention to the CHT Accord. Despite protestation, the contravening provision has not yet been made consonance to the CHT Accord.</p>
<b>B.10.</b>	The words "delimitation of constituencies" appearing in sub-section 2 of Section 20 shall be distinctly incorporated.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 12. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though it has been included, the "delimitation of constituencies" have not yet been done.
<b>B.11.</b>	There shall be a provision in sub-section 2 of Section 25 to the effect that the Chairman and in his absence, a tribal Member elected by the other Members shall preside over all the meetings of the Council.	<b>Implemented.</b> It remains in force as before.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.12.</b>	Since the entire area of Khagrachari district is not encompassed by the Mong Circle. the words "Khagrachari Mong Chief" appearing in Section 26 of the Act regarding Khagrachari Hill District Council shall be substituted by the words "Mong Circle Chief and	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 13 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though there is provision by merit of which the Circle Chiefs are to join the Council sessions, the concerned Circle Chiefs are not invited in the meetings.

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	Chakma Circle Chief". Similarly, there shall be made a scope for the attendance of the Bohmang Chief in the meetings of Rangamati Hill District Council. In the same manner there shall be provision that the Bohmang Circle Chief, at his will or on being invited, shall be entitled to attend the meetings of Bandarban Hill District Council.		
<b>B.13.</b>	It shall be provided in sub-section (1) and (2) of Section 31 that a Chief Executive Officer of the rank of a Deputy Secretary to the government shall be the Secretary of the Council and the tribal officers shall be given preference for appointment to this post.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 14 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> In most cases, non-tribal officials are appointed as the Chief Executive Officers in the Councils on deputation.
<b>B.14.</b>	a) There shall be provision in sub-section (1) of Section 32 that the Council shall be competent, subject to approval by the government, to create posts of officers and employees of different categories for the purpose of smooth completion of the works of the Council.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 15(a). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	b) Sub-section (2) of the Section 32 shall be formulated in the following manner "The Council shall, as per Regulations, have competence to appoint Class-III and Class-IV employees and to transfer, suspend, dismiss, remove or otherwise punish them.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 15(b) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> The provisions of the Accord have been incorporated under Sub-Sections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of Section 32. But the provision is not being applied.  But the Hill District Councils, as per their advantages or whims and wishes, have been giving appointment to the 3rd and 4th class employees by the appointment committee so formed. In some cases, without following provisions of the Hill District Council Act, the Councils have been giving appointment to the 3rd and 4th class employees as per the general quota-based policy existent in the country. Besides, the non-resident and non-tribal individuals gain



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<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
	Provided that it shall be the condition attached to such appointments that the tribal residents of the district concerned shall have right of preference".		<p>employment in the Hill District Councils on the basis of certificates granted by the Deputy Commissioners based on the certificates from Union Parishad Chairman or Municipality Chairman. As a result, the permanent residents are being deprived from their due rights.</p> <p>In the posts of the council i.e. for the posts of 1st and 2nd class officers, in most cases, the government appoints the non-residents and non-tribal officers on deputation. As a result, the provision, for the objective of which has been incorporated, could not be implemented properly. That the government opinion on this provision stating 'to have been implemented' is not correct.</p> <p>It is mentionable that outsiders are being appointed in the posts of 3rd and 4th class jobs in the three hill districts through a chanalized manner of extreme corruption and partisan line. In 2010, during appointment of teachers at the initiative of Bandarban Hill District Councils, 18 Bengali and 2 tribal candidates were given appointment in the post of head teacher which was an example of violation of this provision.</p>
	c) It shall be provided in sub-section (3) of Section 32 that the Government shall, as per Regulations, have the authority to appoint officers in consultation with the Council and to transfer elsewhere, suspend, dismiss, remove or otherwise punish them.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 15(c) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.15.</b>	The Words as per Rules shall be inserted in sub-section (3) of Section 33.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 16. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.16.</b>	The words "or in any other way determined by the Government" appearing in the third line of sub-section (1) of Section 36 shall be deleted.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 18 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
<b>B.17.</b>	<p>a) The provision starting with "Fourthly" in sub-section (1) of Section 37 of the original Act shall remain in tact.</p> <p>b) The phrase "as per as" shall inserted in clause 'D' of sub-section (2) of Section 37</p>	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 19 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.18.</b>	Sub-section (3) of Section 38 shall be deleted and sub-section (4) shall be formulated as follows: "At any time before the expiry of a financial year, a budget may be prepared and approved, if necessary, for that financial year".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 20(a)(b). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.19.</b>	The following sub-section shall be added to section 42: "(4) The Council shall be competent to prepare, undertake and implement, with the help of money receivable from the Government, development projects in respect of the matters transferred to it and all development programs at national level shall be implemented through the Council by the concerned Ministry / Department / Institution".	<b>Partially Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 21(a)(b) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> Provisions relating to developments have not been properly incorporated in the Act. The development programs of Hill District Councils are implemented by the approval of the CHT Affairs Ministry. Besides, most of the development programs are implemented through the CHT Development Board with the approval of CHT Affairs Ministry by-passing the CHT Regional Council and Hill District Councils.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that in accordance with Section 22(d) of the CHT Regional Council Act of 1998, the CHT Regional Council has the authority to coordinate and supervise all development programs of the three Hill District Councils including CHT Development Board. However, the Government has been violating the concerned provisions. Hence, this provision has not yet been implemented. The government opinion stating the provision 'to have been partially implemented' is not correct.</p>
<b>B.20.</b>	The word "Government" appearing in the second line of sub-section (2) of Section 45 shall be substituted by the word "Council".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 23. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
<b>B.21.</b>	Sections 50, 51 and 52 shall be repealed and in their stead the following Section shall be enacted: "In order to ensure harmonization of the activities of the Council advice or instructive orders, if necessary, if the Government be convinced on having received such evidence that any activity done or proposed to be done by or on behalf of the Council is inconsistent with law or contrary to public interest, it shall then have the authority to call for in writing from the Council information and explanation about the matter concerned and give advice or directive in that regard.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 24, 25 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.22.</b>	The words "after the expiry of the period of being defunct" in Sub-section (3) of Section 53, shall be deleted and instead thereof the words "Within 90 days of cancellation of the Council" shall be inserted before the words "this Act".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 26 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision of reconstitution of the council as per the Act within ninety days after publication of the cancellation order in the government gazette exists, instead of holding elections, the government has been conducting the Councils undemocratically through the interim Councils formed with the party-nominated people. The government opinion stating the provision 'to have been implemented' is not correct.
<b>B.23.</b>	The word "Government" will be replaced by word "Ministry" in the third and fourth lines of Section 61.	<b>Implemented.</b> Amendment of the Hill District Councils Act, 1989, See note clause 27 of the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act, 1998.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.24.</b>	a) Sub-section (1) of Section 62 shall be amended as follows: "Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, Sub-Inspectors and all members of ranks subordinate thereto of the Hill	<b>Implementation process is ongoing.</b> The matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act 1998 under the clause 28. But as no further action has been taken in this regard,	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision of appointment to Sub-Inspector and sub-ordinate ranks for the Hill District Police has been included in the Act, no effective measure has been undertaken to put the authority of provision into effect through the concerned Hill District Council, as per the law. The local police force has not yet been formed with the permanent residents while ensuring preference to the tribal people. On the other hand, as it has been earlier, transfer and other disciplinary actions in the police force have been being exercised

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of former AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
	<p>District Police shall be appointed by the Council as per Regulations and prescribed procedure and the Council shall be competent to transfer them and take punitive action against them in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Regulations;</p> <p>Provided that, the tribals of the district shall have preference in case of the said appointment.</p>	the committee considers that the implementation of the clause is ongoing.	<p>directly by the higher authority of police. The said provisions have not yet been implemented.</p> <p>In this regard, it is to be mentioned that the subject Police (local) had been transferred to the Hill District Councils by the Home Ministry through an executive order dated 12-07-1989. But the transfer was cancelled 7 days after issuing the order. That the government claim while mentioning "the provisions to have been partially implemented" and "accordingly, in order to maintain mixed police system in the three hill districts, appointment to the tribal people has begun," is not correct.</p> <p>In January 2018, after the appointment of MP Abul Hasnat Abdullah as the convener of the CHT Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee, it was decided in the committee meeting to transfer the subjects of 'Police (Local)' and 'Preservation and Development of Law and Order' to the three Hill District Councils through executive order and to form hill district police force. But to utter surprise, instead of executing those decisions, through a directive issued by the APBN Headquarters on 13 April 2022, an initiative was undertaken from the Armed Police Battalion (APBN) Headquarters to deploy APBN in the site of the withdrawn army camp, which depicts direct violation of the Accord.</p>
	b) The words "subject to the provisions of all other laws for the time being in force" as appear in the second line of sub-section (3) of Section 62 shall repealed and substituted by the words "as per law and rules".	<b>Implemented.</b> The matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> With regards to exert duties and responsibilities of all level officials and personnel of Hill District Police, having brought in necessary amendment to the other concerned laws and accordingly thereof, the provisions by virtue of which police will be responsible to the Council has not been made effective.
<b>B.25.</b>	The words "to render assistance" in the third line of Section 63 shall remain intact.	<b>Implemented.</b> It remains in force as before.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been made stating that responsibility of all police officials shall be, to inform the Chairman and officials of the Hill District Councils on criminal incidents of the hill district taken place and to provide assistance in applying lawful authority; it has not been made effective.
<b>B.26.</b>	<p>Section 64 shall be amended and enacted as follows:</p> <p>a) "Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, no land and premises, including the leasable Khas lands, within the territorial limits of the Hill Districts shall</p>	<b>Implementation process is going on.</b> The matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act 1998 under the clause 29(1). But as no further action has been taken in this regard, the committee considers that the implementation of the clause is ongoing.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been included in the Hill District Council Acts, but is not being implemented. The subject and functions have not been transferred to the Hill District Councils. The Deputy Commissioners have been practicing the process of mutation, acquisition, lease and settlement following the CHT Regulation 1900.</p> <p>The statement of the government of carrying out settlements of lands, selling &amp; purchasing of lands, transfer of ownership of land and land acquisition with prior approval of Hill District Councils as per this provision is not consonance with this procedure. As per provision of 34(a)</p>

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
	<p>be transferable by ljara, settlement, purchase or sale except with the prior permission of the Council;</p> <p>Provided that this provision shall not be applicable in respect of the area of Reserved Forest, Kaptai Hydro-electric Project, Betbunia Satellite Station, State-owned in the industries and factories and the lands recorded in the name of the Government".</p>		<p>of Part B of the Accord, the subject 'Land and Land Management' falls under jurisdiction of the Hill District Councils. However, the subject has not been transferred as of to-date. Hence, the Regulation for smooth functioning of this subject has not yet been formulated.</p> <p>On the other, the Deputy Commissioners have been continuing mutation, acquisition, leases and settement of land following the CHT Regulation 1900.</p>
	b) "Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, no land, hill or forest under the controlled and within the jurisdiction of the Council shall be acquired or transferred by the Government without consultation with or the consent of the Council.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 29(1)(a) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The Deputy Commissioners have been continuing acquisition following the CHT Regulation 1900, without consultation and consent of the Councils. Thousand acres of lands are being taken in acquisition in the name of forestation and expansion of cluster villages, establishment of tourism centres, establishment and expansion of army camp and training centres.
	c) The Council may supervise and control the works of the Headmen, Chainmen, Amins, Surveyors, Kanungos and Assistant Commissioner (land).	<b>Implementation process is goiong.</b> The matter has been added to the clause 29(2) of the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act 1998. But as no further action has been taken in this regard, the committee considers that the implementation of the clause is ongoing.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Functions of Headman, Chainman, Amin, Surveyer, Kanungo, and Assistant Commissioner (Land) have not been brought under supervision and control of the Hill District Councils. The Deputy Commissioners have been unlawfully controlling the functions by following the CHT Regulation 1900.
	d) The reclaimed fringe lands of Kaptai Lake shall be leased out on priority basis to the original owners.	<b>Implementation process is goiong.</b> The matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act 1998 under the clause 29(3). But as no further action has been taken in this regard, the committee considers that the implementation of the clause is ongoing.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> As the subject Land and Land Management has not beet transferred to the Hill District Councils, this provision has not been implemented. The fringelands, instead of giving settlements to the exact owners on priority basis, are being given settlements to the Bengali settlers.

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
<b>B.27.</b>	Section 65 shall be amended and formulated as follows: "Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the responsibility of collecting the Land Development Tax of the district shall rest in the hands of the Council and the collected tax of the district shall be deposited in the fund of the Council."	<b>Partially implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 30 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The provision has been included in three Hill District Council Acts 1998. But this provision is not being put into force properly. The Deputy Commissioners have been practicing the process of tax collection.  As per the law, practices and procedures, the responsibility of collection of taxes (Khajana) falls under jurisdiction of the Headman concerned, but in these days, instead of deposition with the Headman office, the tax accrued against the lands is being deposited with the government authority through Treasury Challan, the procedure of which is fully illegal.  This provision is not implemented. Hence, the government opinion stating "the provision has been partially implemented" is not correct.
<b>B.28.</b>	Section 67 shall be amended and formulated as follows: "in the event of necessity for harmonization of the works of the Council and the Governmental authorities, the Government or the Council shall raise proposals on specific subject and the harmonization of the works shall be effected through mutual communications between the Government and Council".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 31 of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b>
<b>B.29.</b>	Sub-section (1) of Section 68 shall be amended and formulated as follows: "With a view to carrying out the purposes of this Act, the Government may, upon consultation with the Council, make Rules through Notification in the Government official Gazette and the Council shall have a rights to apply to the Government for review of the said Rules even after they are already made".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 32(a). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> As per this provision, the Hill District Councils can formulate Regulations on the subjects under its jurisdiction. But the government is raising various objection in the name of Rules of Business 1996.



Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
<b>B.30.</b>	a) The words "with prior approval of the Government" in the first and second lines of Sub-section (1) of Section 69 shall be repealed and after the words "may make" in the third line the following proviso shall be added:  "Provided that if the Government does not agree with any part of the Regulations made, it shall be competent to give advice or directive to the Council towards amendments of the said regulations".	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 33(a)(i)(ii) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	b) The words "conferment of the powers of the Chairman on any officer of the Council" in clause (h) of sub-section (2) of Section 69 shall be deleted.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 33(b) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	
<b>B.31.</b>	Section 70 shall be deleted.	<b>Implemented.</b> Section 70 was repealed by the clause 34 of the Hill District Local Government Councils (Amendment) Act 1998.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>B.32.</b>	Section 79 shall be amended and formulated as follows:  "If, in the opinion of the council, any law made by the National Parliament or any other authority as applicable to the hill district is one which creates hardship for the said district or is objectionable for the tribals, the Council may, upon stating the cause of hardship or abjection, apply to the Government in writing for amending or relaxing the	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 35. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The government, in place of forming the full-plaged Councils with the members directly elected by the people, is running the Interim Councils having its nominated members seated in the posts as Chairman and members. These councils do not apply their right to appeal or take remedial measure to review for amendment or relaxation in application when any provision of a formulated law appears to be painful or objectionable to the hill districts.

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
	application of such law and the Government may take remedial measures in accordance with such application".		
<b>B.33.</b>	<p>a) The word "discipline" appearing in Item No. 1 under the heading the 'Activities of the Council' in the First Schedule shall be substituted by the word "supervision".</p> <p>b) In Item No. 3 of the Council's activities, the following shall be added: "(1) Vocational education, (2) Primary education through mother tongue, (3) Secondary education".</p> <p>c) The words "reserved or" appearing in Clause 6(b) of the Council's activities shall be deleted.</p>	<p><b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 36(b)(c) of the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.</p>	<p><b>Partially implemented.</b></p> <p>a) has been replaced.</p> <p>b) has been added.</p> <p>c) has been deleted.</p> <p>But these provisions are not implemented properly. For example, the subject of "supervising, preserving and improving the law and order of the district" has not yet been handed over to the three Hill District Councils.</p>
<b>B.34.</b>	<p>B.34. The following subjects shall be included in the functions and the responsibilities of the Hill District Council:</p> <p>a) Land and land management;</p> <p>b) Police (local);</p> <p>c) Tribal law and social justice;</p> <p>d) Youth welfare;</p> <p>e) Environmental protection and development;</p> <p>f) Local tourism;</p> <p>g) Improvement Trust and other institutions concerning local administration, other than Municipality and Union Council;</p> <p>h) Issuing license for local commerce and industries;</p>	<p><b>Implemented.</b> The clause 36(d) of the of Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act 1998 added-</p> <p>a) Land and land management; (24)</p> <p>b) Police (local); (22)</p> <p>c) Tribal law and social justice; (23)</p> <p>d) Youth welfare; (27)</p> <p>e) Environmental protection and development; (26)</p> <p>f) Local tourism; (28)</p> <p>g) Improvement Trust and other institutions concerning local administration, other than Municipality and Union Council; (29)</p> <p>h) Issuing license for local commerce and industries; (30)</p>	<p><b>Partially implemented.</b> The subjects have been included in the Act. But these subjects have not properly been transferred as of to-date. The government's claim that 30 subjects / departments have been transferred in Rangamati Hill District Council, 30 in Khagrachhari Hill District Council and 28 subjects / departments in Bandarban Hill District Council is not correct.</p> <p>For example, 'Land and Land Management', 'Environment Protection and Development' and 'Police (Local)' have not yet been transferred to the three hill district councils. Therefore, the opinion that this provision has been fully 'implemented' is not correct. It should be noted that due to non-handover of related subjects through executive orders, the duties and powers of the Hill District Councils have been narrowed.</p>

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(B) HILL DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL/HILL DISTRICT COUNCIL:</b>			
	i) Proper utilization of rivers and streams, canals and Beels and irrigation system other than water resources of the Kaptai Lake; j) Maintaining of the statistics of birth and deaths; k) Money lending; l) Jum cultivation.	i) Proper utilization of rivers and streams, canals and Beels and irrigation system other than water resources of the Kaptai Lake; (25) j) Maintaining of the statistics of birth and deaths; (31) k) Money lending; (32) l) Jum cultivation (33).	
<b>B.35.</b>	B.35. The following items shall be added to the subjects for imposition of taxes, rates, tolls and fees by the Council as stated in the Second Schedule: a) Registration fees of non-mechanical transports; b) Tax on buying and selling of commodities; c) Holding tax on lands and buildings; d) Tax on selling of domestic animals; e) Fees for community adjudication; f) Holding tax on Government and Non-government industries; g) A specified part of the royalty on forest resources; h) Supplementary Tax on Cinema, Jatra and Circus; i) Part of the royalty received by the Government against granting Licenses or Pattas for the exploitation of mineral resources; j) Tax on business; k) Tax on lottery; l) Tax on catching Fish.	<b>Implementation undergoing.</b> This matter has been added to the Hill District Local Government Council (Amendment) Act, 1998 under the clause 37(d)(8-19). In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b>

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of former AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(C) CHIITAGONG HILL TRACTS REGIONAL COUNCIL:</b>			
<b>C.1.</b>	Subject to amendment and addition of the various sections in the Parbatya Zilla Sthanio Sarkar Parishad Ayin, 1989 (Act IXX, XX and XXI of 1989) for purpose of making the Hill District Council more powerful and effective, a Regional Council will be formed comprising the Local Government Councils of three Hill Districts.	<b>Implemented.</b> The Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council has been formed.	<b>Implemented.</b> As per the provision, the CHT Regional Council Act 1998 was formulated and the interim Council was formed in 1999. But the act could not be made effective properly. It is not true that this provision has been fully implemented. Though interim Regional Council has been formed, but the elected council is yet to be formed.
<b>C.2.</b>	The elected Members of the Hill District Councils shall, by indirect mode, elect the Chairman of this Council whose status shall be equivalent to that of a State Minister and who shall be a tribal.	<b>Implemented.</b> The post of CHT Regional Council Chairman is equal in status of State Minister and he is a tribal. As no election has been held in the Hill District Councils, at present, the Interim Council is functional in the CHT Regional Council.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Even after passing 25 years of signing the Accord, as no election has been held in the Hill District Councils and for not forming the elected Hill District Councils, the election in the CHT Regional Council also has not yet been held.
<b>C.3.</b>	The Council shall consist of 22 (twenty-two) Members including the Chairman. Two third of the Members shall be elected from amongst the tribals. The Council shall determine the modality of its functioning. The constitution of the Council shall be as follows: Chairman- 1 person Member- 12 persons Member (tribal female)- 2 persons Member- 6 persons Member (non-tribal female)- 1 person Of the male tribal Members, 5 shall be elected from the Chakma tribe, 3 from the Marma tribe, 2 from Tripura tribe, 1 from the Murung and Tanchangya	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 5 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Though the CHT Regional Council Act has been formulated and thereafter, the CHT Regional Council has been formed, election in the Council has not yet been held. In the Interim Council, following the CHT Regional Council Act, the members on ethnic basis have been nominated.

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of former AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(C) CHIITAGONG HILL TRACTS REGIONAL COUNCIL:</b>			
	<p>the Marma tribe, 2 from Tripura tribe, 1 from the Murung and Tanchangya tribes and 1 person from amongst the Lusai, Bawm, Pangkho, Khumi, Chak and Khiang tribes.</p> <p>Of the male non-tribal Members, 2 persons shall be elected from each district.</p> <p>Of the female tribal Members, 1 person shall be elected from the Chakma tribe and another from the rest of the tribes.</p>		
<b>C.4.</b>	There shall be reserved 3 (three) seats for the women in the Council and one third (1/3) thereof shall be for the non-tribals.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 5 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Following the Act, female candidates have been nominated for the 3 seats reserved for the females but election has not yet been held.
<b>C.5.</b>	The Members of the Council shall, by indirect mode, be elected by the elected Members of the three Hill District Councils. The Chairman of the three hill districts shall be ex-officio Members of the Council and they shall have right to vote. The qualification and disqualification of candidature for membership of the Council shall be similar to those of the Members of the Hill District Councils.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 6 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> For not the elections held in the Hill District Councils, electing the members of Regional Council by the elected members of the three Hill District Councils could not have been possible. But following the CHT Regional Council Act, the Chairmen of the 3 Interim Hill District Councils are performing their duty as CHT Regional Council members, as ex-officio members of the Council.
<b>C.6.</b>	The tenure of office of the Council shall be 5 (five) years. The procedure and other matters regarding the preparation and approval of the budget of the Council, dissolution of the Council,	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 12 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> For not the elections held in the three Hill District Councils, election in the CHT Regional Council also could not be held. Consequently, the Interim Council in the CHT Regional Council has remained in place for the last 26 years.

Section	Provision of Accord	Latest Statement of forme AL Government	Opinion of PCJSS
<b>(C) CHIITAGONG HILL TRACTS REGIONAL COUNCIL:</b>			
	framing of the Rules of the Council, appointment and control of the officers and employees, etc. shall be similar to the procedure and other matters as are applicable to the Hill District Councils.		
<b>C.7.</b>	There shall be the Council, a Chief Executive Officer of the rank equivalent to that of a Joint Secretary to the Government and the tribal candidate shall be given preference for appointment to this post.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 28 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>C.8.</b>	a) If the post of Chairman of the Council falls vacant, one person from amongst the other tribal members shall be, by indirect mode, elected Chairman for the interim period by the Members of the three Hill District Councils. b) If the post of a Member of the Council falls vacant for any reason, it shall be filled up by by-election.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 16 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>C.9.</b>	a) The Council shall coordinate all the development activities carried out by the three Hill District Councils, and shall also superintend and harmonize all the affairs of and assigned to the three Hill District Councils. Besides, in the event of lack of harmony or any inconsistency being found in the discharge of responsibilities given to the three Hill District Councils, the decision of the Regional Council shall be final.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 22(a) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been included in the act, the power for supervision and coordination on part of the CHT Regional Council is not being made effective. Till now, it is due to non-cooperation of three Hill District Councils and the Ministry of CHT Affairs, the supervision and coordination of all the subjects including the development programs of the three Hill District Councils could not be carried out by CHT Regional Council. Therefore, the government opinion stating “the provision to have been implemented” is not correct.  It is to be mentioned that an Office Order from the Cabinet Division was issued directing to follow the ‘CHT Regional Council Act, 1998 and supervision & Coordination of development programs of the Hill District Councils on 10 April 2001. But other concerned authorities including the three Hill District Councils maintained no effective role in compliance to the said Office Order. On the other hand, no program or process has yet been undertaken to



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			implement the decision of establishing coordination among the three Hill District Councils, the CHT Regional Council and the Ministry of CHT Affairs, as it was decided in the 2nd meeting of CHT Accord Implementation Monitoring Committee held on 19 February 2019.
	b) This Council shall coordinate and supervise the Local Council, including the municipalities	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 22(b) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been included in the act yet it is not being made properly effective. The proposal for inclusion in the act stating: "Subject to CHT Regional Council Act and three Hill District Council Act, the Local Government Acts, such as, Pourasova, Union Parishad, Upazila Parishad shall be applicable to CHT" has not been made effective.</p> <p>The local councils including the municipalities are administered by the Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development. So, it is expedient that the concerned laws and regulations are brought in amendment in consistence with the CHT Regional Council Act, 1998 in order to get the local councils including the municipalities supervised and coordinated by the Regional Council.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that two letters with specific recommendations were sent from Regional Council to the Ministry of CHT Affairs in order to bring amendment to the Upazila Parishad Act in 2000 and in 2009. But no measure has been taken to that regard as yet. It is further to be mentioned that in context of raising the issue by Regional Council, a letter directing to take necessary step to follow the Regional Council Act properly, was sent from the Ministry of Local Government to Deputy Commissioners of three hill district. Even after this, no progress was to be seen on the issue.</p>
	c) The Regional Council shall coordinate and supervise the three hill districts in matters of general administration, law and order and development.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 22(c) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been included in the act yet it is not being put into affect. Hence, the police department and Deputy Commissioners at district and Upazilla Executive Officers at upazila (sub-district) levels are applying the power violating the act as before.</p> <p>The Deputy Commissioners in the three hill districts are exercising all powers relating to general administration of the districts as before in accordance with the CHT Regulation, 1900. On the other hand, due to having not mentioned about the Regional Council in the said regulation, the Deputy Commissioners kept abstaining from cooperation with the Regional Council all along. As a result, supervision and coordination of the general administration in the three hill districts cannot be carried out by the Regional Council.</p> <p>Question arose on CHT Regulation, 1900 when the Hill District Local Government Council Act was enacted in 1989. In this context, the notification promulgated in 1990 states that the CHT Regulation shall remain in force and effective. CHT Regional Council submitted a set of</p>

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			<p>recommendations to the government urging to cancel the said notification and promulgate a fresh notification to the effect that the said regulation shall remain in force and effective subject to the CHT Regional Council Act and the Hill District Council Acts. In that regard, a directive relating to promulgation of laws was given to the Ministry of CHT Affairs from Cabinet Division in 2013. But this directive has not yet been issued.</p> <p>It is relevant to be mentioned that various provisions of CHT Regulation are conflicting to the Hill District Council Acts and CHT Regional Council Act. Hence, bringing amendment to CHT Regulation is indispensable. Above all, determination of 'Charter of Duties' of Deputy Commissioners in consistence with the Regional Council Act and three Hill District Council Acts is desirable.</p> <p>Law &amp; Order in the three Hill Districts has been being looked after by Deputy Commissioners and Superintendents of Police in accordance with the concerned laws in force before the Accord. Above all, as per the 'Operation Uttoran (Operation Upliftment),' an order of military 'modus operandi' imposed in 2001, the army are supposed to provide assistance in law and order affairs, but in practice, the army has been controlling the general administration, law and order and development of the region, as a whole.</p> <p>Apart from office order issued by Cabinet Division according to which the law and order of CHT is to be supervised and coordinated by CHT Regional Council, a "circular dated 17-01-2000 was issued from Ministry of CHT Affairs for cooperation, on part of concerned ministries including the Deputy Commissioners posted for duty in the three hill districts in discharging duties by the Ministry of CHT Affairs as per CHT Regional Council Act, 1998 (Act XII of 1998)." Despite being so, the Deputy Commissioners, Police Superintendents or army authority did not pace forward to cooperate the Regional Council and on the contrary, these authorities have been conducting the law &amp; order affairs by-passing the Regional Council absolutely. As a result, the law &amp; order affairs cannot be supervised and coordinated by the Regional Council. So, it is agreeable that the Bangladesh Police Act 1861 and CHT Regulation 1900 should be amended in consistent with Regional Council Act and the Hill District Council Acts.</p> <p>Despite circular dated 17-01-2000 was issued by Ministry of CHT Affairs for cooperation in discharging duties of supervision and coordination by Regional Council on development issues in the three hill districts, but the CHT Regional Council is seldom involved or informed by various ministries including the Ministry of CHT Affairs as per the CHT Regional Council Act in the affairs, such as, planning, formulation, adoption and implementation of development programs. As a result, supervision and coordination in development affairs could not be carried out on part of the Regional Council and that the waste of money and anti-public-interest development programs could not be stopped in the development sector. So, it is desirable that</p>

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			<p>the Regional Council is informed of and gotten involved in overall development programs in CHT.</p> <p>As per the law, though responsibility of supervision and coordination of 'law &amp; order' in the three hill districts have been entrusted to the CHT Regional Council, the concerned authorities have not yet followed the legal obligation. Rather the army and police authorities, while following directives of the concerned ministries, have been exercising their powers and indeed, having concentrated all the 'law &amp; order' powers of CHT region, have strengthened their efforts in the name of suppressing corruption and terrorism so as to make the CHT Regional Council and Hill District Councils dysfunctional and to deter the Accord implementation process thereby.</p>
	d) The Council shall coordinate the activities of the NGOs in addition to disaster management and carrying out the relief programs.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 22(g) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been included in the act yet it has not been made effective. With regards to coordination of relief program, the Ministry of Relief, three Hill District Councils and other concerned government authorities have been ignoring the CHT Regional Council. In practice, this responsibility has been left with the Deputy Commissioners as to this day.</p> <p>As per Section 46, the CHT Regional Council can carry out disaster management and relief program, having the regulation formulated thereof. To that end, it is indispensable to incorporate food grains and fund in the annual budget of the Regional Council. It is due to having undertaken no step on part of the government to that direction, no program as such has been carried out by the Regional Council to this day. So, it is desirable that necessary measure is undertaken by the Ministry of Disaster and Relief Management in this regard.</p> <p>The Regional Council has been persuading its effort as per the act to coordinate the NGO activities. On the other hand, a gazette notification titled "Code of Conducts to be followed by the foreign NGOs working in Bangladesh and Bangladeshi NGOs supported by the foreign fund" was issued from the Prime Minister's office in 2001. The Regional Council, following Section 53 of its Act, submitted a set of recommendations stating several aspects of the gazette notification to be painful and objectionable to the tribal people of CHT. Accordingly, an amended office order was issued in 2012. In the office order, though several points of recommendations were accepted, but most of the recommendations were ignored. Besides, during the present government tenure, the process is on to entrust the Deputy Commissioners with responsibility of coordinating the NGO activities as it is currently being practiced in other districts of the country. Consequently, it has become difficult-some on part of the Regional Council to coordinate the NGO programs being implemented in CHT. In this context, it is desirable that the office order issued by the Prime Minister's office on NGO activities in 2012 is amended in accordance with the recommendations submitted by Regional Council.</p>

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	e) Tribal law and community adjudication shall be within the jurisdiction of the Regional Council.	Implemented. This matter has been added to the clause 22(e) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	Unimplemented. Though the provision has been included in the act yet has not been made effective. The judges serving in the three hill districts, during trial do not follow the laws, customs and practices traditionally existent in CHT and also do not accept the opinion of CHT Regional Coubcil and the Circle Chiefs and Headmen.
	f) The Council shall be competent to grant License for heavy industries.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 22(f)) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	Unimplemented. With regards to running and administering the Rayon Mill and Paper Mills at Chandraghona, the CHT Regional Council is being ignored. Even in the case with pumping out natural gas at Simutang Gas Field in Manikchari, there has been held no consultation with CHT Regional Council.
<b>C.10.</b>	The Chittagong Hill Tracts Development Board shall discharge the assigned duties under the general and overall supervision of the Council. The Government shall give preference to the eligible tribal candidates in appointing the Chairman of the Development Board.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 22(c) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> Though the provision has been included in the act, the CHT Development Board authority continues to ignore the law. The CHT Development Board has been conducting the overall programs without keeping touched with the Regional Council. Therefore, the government opinion stating “the provision to have been implemented” is not correct.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that the CHT Development Board Act, 2014 has been formulated and enacted by replacing the CHT Development Board Ordinance, 1976. This act is incorporated of many provisions, which are not in consistence with the three Hill District Council Acts and CHT Regional Council Act and as of this day, the Development Board has been conducting its programs completely by-passing the Regional Council the matter of which has crippled the special administrative system of CHT with CHT Regional Council and three Hill District Councils and it has been creating compicacy in administration and development.</p> <p>Hence, while placing opinion on CHT Development Board Act, 2014, the CHT Regional Council submitted a set of recommendations for cancellation of CHT Development Board Act, 2014 and abolishment of the Board.</p>
<b>C.11.</b>	The Chittagong Hill Tracts Regulation of 1900 and other related Acts, Rules and Ordinances being found inconsistent with the Local Government Council Acts of 1989, it shall be	Implemented. This matter has been added to the clause 52(2)) of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p>Unimplemented. The demand for cancellation of Memorandum dated 29/10/1990 on effectiveness of CHT Regulation 1900 and issuance of fresh Memorandum stating the Regulation to be effective subject to the CHT Accord, has not yet been served afresh.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that in 1990, a Memorandum from Special Affairs (Welfare) Division was issued stating that the CHT Regulation 1900 shall be in place and effective. The CHT Regional</p>

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	removed by law as per advice and recommendations of the Regional Council.		<p>Council sent a letter to the Cabinet Division demanding to cancel the said order and in place, to issue a fresh Memorandum defining that the extent of only provisions of CHT Regulation 1900 that stand consonance with the provisions of three Hill District Council Act, CHT Regional Council Act and Allocation of Business of the Ministry of CHT Affairs, shall be effective. In that perspective, the Cabinet Division issued directives for necessary action following examination and review of the concerned laws in 2013 and 2015. In the meetings held in 2015 and 2016 with the CHT Regional Council representatives, the Chief Secretary of the Honorable Prime Minister expressed favorable opinion and directed the Ministry of CHT Affairs for effective action on the issue with immediate effect. The Ministry of CHT Affairs sent it to the Legislative and Parliamentary Department.</p> <p>On 28/08/2019, a view exchange meeting was held in coordination with the CHT Regional Council representatives, Ministry of CHT Affairs and Legislative and Parliamentary Department with the Chair of the Senior Secretary of Legislative and Parliamentary Department. In the minutes of the meeting it was stated that the issue is impossible to be resolved without bringing a change into the concerned act. Whereas, the Memorandum of 1990 can be cancelled by issuing Order or Letter and a fresh Memorandum can be issued.</p>
<b>C.12.</b>	Until the formation of the Regional Council through direct and indirect election, the Government shall be competent to constitute an interim Regional Council and to empower it to discharge the responsibilities of assignable to the Council.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 54 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>C.13.</b>	In making any law in connection with Chittagong Hill Tracts, the Government shall enact such law in consultation with and as per advice of the Regional Council. If it becomes necessary to amend any law which bears an adverse effect on the development of the three hill districts and welfare of the tribal people or to enact new law, the Council shall be competent to apply or submit recommendations to the Government.	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 53 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> The provision of the act is not being followed. The government is not accepting or ignoring the advice of CHT Regional Council in framing the laws relating to CHT. For instance, the opinion of CHT Regional Council was ignored during formulation of CHT Development Board Act 2014 and three Hill District Council (Amendment) Acts 2014.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that as per the provision under Section 53 of the CHT Regional Council Act, in some cases relating to formulation or amendment of laws, advice of CHT Regional Council is accepted. The CHT Regional Council so far, has provided advices in alteration or bringing amendment to such provisions of laws that may make adverse effects to CHT Accord, laws of CHT region and development of hill district and to the path towards welfare of the tribal peoples. But in most cases, either advice from CHT Regional Council was not sought or advice of CHT Regional Council was not accepted.</p>

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			It is further to be mentioned that during the post-Accord period, various laws have been enacted and amended. But no provision has been kept in those laws specifying their applicability in CHT or no provision as such has been added in the sections/sub-sections of the said laws.
<b>C.14.</b>	<p>The sources of the Council Fund shall be as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Money received from the District Council Fund;</li> <li>b) Money or profits received from all the properties vested in or managed by the Council;</li> <li>c) Loans and grants from the Government and other authorities;</li> <li>d) Grants given by any institution or person;</li> <li>e) Profits earned from the investments of the Council Fund;</li> <li>f) Any money received by the Council;</li> <li>g) Money received from other sources provided to the Council as per direction of the Government.</li> </ul>	<b>Implemented.</b> This matter has been added to the clause 32 of the CHT Regional Council Act 1998. In such circumstances, the Committee considers that the clause has been implemented.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> It is only 10% money from the Hill District Council fund is being irregularly deposited with the CHT Regional Council fund.
<b>(D) REHABILITATION, GENERAL AMNESTY AND OTHER MATTERS:</b>			
<b>D.1.</b>	With a view to bringing the tribal refugees staying in the Tripura State of India back to the country, an agreement was signed on the 9th day of March, '97 at Agartala of Tripura State between the Government and the Leaders of tribal refugees. In pursuance of that Agreement, the tribal refugees started	<b>Implemented.</b> Task Force has been formed. Its activities are continuing.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Most of the economic facilities as per the 20-point Package Facility Agreement signed between the government and the refugee leaders were provided to most of the refugees numbering 64,609 of 12,222 families through the Task Force. But 9,780 Jumma families are yet to get back their lands; 890 families are yet to get cash against pairs of bullocks; and bank loan of 879 refugees has not been exempted. From among the 262 Refugees reinstated to their earlier jobs, 14 employees have not yet been provided seniority and other facilities. 6 primary schools, 5 bazaars (markets) and 7 temples shifted or illegally occupied from villages of India-returnee refugees have not been restored. 40 villages of



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	coming back to the country since 28th day of March, '97. This process shall remain un-hindered and to that end all possible cooperation shall be given from the end of the Jana Samhati Samiti. After ascertaining the identity of the Internally Displaced Persons of the three hill districts, rehabilitation measures shall be undertaken through a Task Force.		<p>India-returnee refugees located at Matiranga of Feni valley, Manikchari and Ramgarh Upazila, Dighinala in Maini valley, Mahalchari Upazila under Khagrachari hill district and in Maini and Longadu of Kachalong valley are yet under complete occupation of the Bengali settlers. That the government opinion stating 'the provision to have been implemented' is not correct.</p> <p>In addition, about 54,000 refugees returning from refugee camps in the state of Tripura on their own initiative and under the 16-point package agreement are deprived of rations. Though discussions were held at the meeting of the Task Force on Rehabilitation of India-Returnee Refugees and Internally Displaced Persons to provide rations to these refugees, no effective steps were taken in this regard.</p> <p>Although the task force has been formed, Deputy Commissioners of three hill districts have been included in the last Task Force committee formed on January 31, 2018 unilaterally without any discussion with PCJSS, one of the signatories of the CHT Accord. It may also be noted that four years after the last meeting (10th meeting) of the Task Force held on October 22, 2019, the Task Force convened the meeting on September 24, 2023 at very short notice. As a result, the representatives of PCJSS and Jumma Refugee Welfare Association could not attend the meeting.</p>
<b>D.2.</b>	After the signing the Agreement between the Government and the Jana Samhati Samiti and implementation thereof and rehabilitation of the tribal refugees and internally displaced tribals, the Government shall, as soon as possible, commence, in consultation with the Regional Council to the constituted under this Agreement, the Land Survey in Chittagong Hill Tracts and finally determine the land-ownership of the tribal people through settling the land-disputes on proper verification and shall record their land and ensure their rights thereto.	<b>The implementation process is going on.</b> Land survey has not yet begun. The Land Commission will resolve the land disputes first and then will work on survey. The CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission (Amendment) Act 2016 has been approved in great Jatiya Sangsad (National Parliament) and proclaimed through the Bangladesh Gazette on 13 October 2016. In order to frame up Rules within the ambit of the act, the Draft Rules 2016 has also been sent to the Ministry of Lands. At present, the framing work of Rules 2016 of CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission is lying at the final stage with the Ministry of Lands.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> The definition that was determined referring to the 'internally displaced refugees' in the Task Force meeting held at the Khagrachari Circuit House on 27 June 1998, is as follows:</p> <p><b>"In the time from 15 August 1975 to 10 August 1992 (from the day of the Ceasefire) due to the prolonged unstable and commotion situation of the Chittagong Hill Tracts (Rangamati, Khagrachari and Bandarban), the tribal people who has compelled to abandon their own village, mouza, area and has gone or compelled to go other places within the country will be considered as Internally Displaced Persons."</b></p> <p>A decision was resolved in the Task Force meeting held on 13-09-2014 to provide the ration and other financial facilities to the internally displaced tribal families and minutes of the meeting including the decision were approved in the Task Force meeting held on 28-02-2015. But the decision has not yet been implemented.</p>

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<b>D.3.</b>	In order to ensure the land-ownership of tribal families having no land or lands below 2 (two) acres, the Government shall, subject to availability of land in the locality, ensure settling 2 (two) acres of land per family. In the event of non-availability of required land, grove-lands shall be tapped.	<b>The implementation process is going on.</b>	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> For the past 26 years, the government has not taken any initiative to provide land to tribal families who are landless or own less than two acres of land.</p> <p>It should be noted that the subject of land and land management has not yet been handed over to the Hill District Council. Therefore, no regulation could be made regarding land management. As a result, in the name of illegal settlement, tourism and development, various organizations and authorities and settlers are encroaching on the land of the Jumma people in various ways.</p>
<b>D.4.</b>	A Commission (Land Commission) shall be constituted under the leadership of a retired Justice for settlement of disputes regarding lands and premises. This Commission shall, in addition to early disposal of land disputes of the rehabilitated refugees, have full authority to annul the rights of ownership of those hills and lands which have been illegally settled and in respect of which illegal dispossession has taken place. No appeal shall be maintainable against the judgment of this Commission and the decision of this Commission shall be deemed to be final. This provision shall be applicable in case of Fringe-lands.	<b>Partially mplemented.</b> The Land Commission has been constituted and its activities is continuing.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> The Land Commission has been being constituted since 1999 as per Section 5 of the Accord. The CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission Act, 2001 was enacted in 2001. In the Act, several sections contravening to the Accord have been incorporated.</p> <p>The contradictory sections of the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission Act 2001 had been amended through passing the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission (Amendment) Act 2016 in the parliament of 6 October 2016. After amendment of the law, having the draft Rules of the Land Commission formulated, the CHT Regional Council submitted the draft to the Ministry of Lands on 1 January 2017 for approval. But the government has not yet finalized the Rules. As a result, the work for resolution of land dispute has not yet been started to this day.</p> <p>Due to the strike of Parbatya Chhattagram Nagorik Parishad, a communal organization of the settlers under the support of the administration, the meeting of the Land Commission called on 7 September 2022 in Rangamati has been cancelled.</p>
<b>D.5.</b>	<p>This Commission shall be constituted with the following Members:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Retired Justice;</li> <li>b) Circle Chief (concerned)</li> <li>c) Chairman/Representative of the Regional Council;</li> <li>d) Divisional Commissioner/Additional Commissioner;</li> <li>e) Chairman of the District Council (concerned).</li> </ul>	<b>Implemented.</b> The Land Commission has been constituted and its activities is continuing.	<b>Implemented.</b> The Land Commission does not have adequate man powers, funds and logistics to work. Though the head office of the Commission in Khagrachari district and branch offices of Rangamati and Bandarban districts at the offices of Rangamati and Bandarban Hill District Councils respectively were established, these offices lack manpower, funds and logistics to work. At present, the functions of the Land Commission are stopped and Chairman's term has expired. The new chairman is yet to be appointed.

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<b>D.6.</b>	a) The tenure of office of the Commission shall be three years. But its tenure shall be extendible in consultation with the Regional Council.	<b>Implemented.</b> Resolution of land disputes is under the jurisdiction of the Land Commission. The CHT Land Disputes Resolution Commission (Amendment) Act 2016 was adopted by the Jatiya Sangsad and published in the Bangladesh Gazette on 13 October 2016. At present, the work of formulating Rules 2016 of the CHT Land Disputes Resolution Commission is in the final stage in the Ministry of Lands.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	b) The Commission shall resolve the disputes in consonance with the law, custom and practice in force in the Chittagong Hill Tracts.	<b>Implemented.</b> The issue of resolution of disputes falls under jurisdiction of the Land Commission. The CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission (Amendment) Act 2016 has been approved in the great Jatya Sangsad (National Parliament) and it has been published in the Gazzette on 13 October 2016. Accordingly, the program is on. In order to frame up Rules under jurisdiction of the Act, the draft Rules 2016 has been sent to the Ministry of Lands. At present the work of framing Rules 2016 of the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission is lying at the final stage with the Ministry of Lands.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> Only the law and custom have been inserted in the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission Act 2001. Later, the law, custom and practice had been inserted through passing the CHT Land Dispute Resolution Commission (Amendment) Act 2016 in the parliament. After amendment of the law, having the draft Rules of the Land Commission formulated, the CHT Regional Council submitted the draft to the Ministry of Lands on 1 January 2017 for approval. But the government has not yet finalized the Rules. As a result, the judicial work for resolution of land dispute has not yet been started to this day.
<b>D.7.</b>	The loans which were taken by the tribal refugees from Government agencies, but could not be properly utilized on account of the state of belligerency, shall be remitted along with interest.	<b>The implementation process is goingon.</b> With regards to the work with loan defaulters among the India-returnees, coordination of 642 persons with exemption has been done at the first phase. At the 2nd	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The loans of 879 returnee Jumma refugees has not yet been exempted.

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<b>D.6.</b>		<p>phase, of the 719 persons, 33 loan cases have been coordinated at the individual level in the mean while. The opinion and list regarding the remaining 686 outstanding defaulter loan waivers was sought from Deputy Commissioners. In this regard, on 22/09/2015, from the Deputy Commissioner's office of Khagrachari district, list of 686 persons, list of 33 persons and new list of 160 persons have been received in the Ministry. All those lists have been sent to the Ministry of Finance. It is to be noted that a meeting regarding loan exemption was held in the Financial Institutions Department of the Ministry of Finance last on 07/11/2019. At present, further activities are ongoing in the Ministry of Finance in this regard.</p>	
<b>D.8.</b>	<p>Land allocation for rubber and other plantation: Out of the lands allotted to non-tribal and non-local persons for rubber and other plantations, the lease (allocation) in respect of the lands of those who did not undertake any project during the last ten years or did not properly utilize the lands shall be cancelled.</p>	<p><b>Implemented.</b> During tenure of the last parliament, according to the decision taken in the 4th meeting of the Parliamentary Standing Committee on CHT Affairs Ministry, the individuals who took lands in leases for rubber plantations in CHT under the given conditions, breached the conditions of the leases. Their leases have been cancelled under jurisdiction of the law existent.</p>	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> This provision of the Accord has not yet been implemented properly. During 1980s and 1990s, some 46,750 acres of lands against total 1,877 plots located in Bandarban Sadar, Lama, Alikadam and Naikhyongchari upazilas were given in lease to individuals from plain districts.</p> <p>In the meetings of Parliamentary Standing Committee on CHT Affairs Ministry held on 20 July and 18 July 2009 respectively at Khagrachari and Rangamati, it was resolved from among the leases given to the non-residents in Bandarban district, to cancel the leases of the lands in which no rubber plantation or grove plantation have yet been done as per the agreement. In light of the decision, leases on some 15,000 acres of lands given against 593 plots were cancelled by Deputy Commissioner of Bandarban district and leases on some 350 acres of lands were cancelled by Deputy Commissioner of Rangamati district.</p> <p>However, at two-month end of cancellation of leases, violating the decision, most of the cancelled leases were restored by Deputy Commissioner of Bandarban district by notification of Memo No.JPRABAN/Lease/Mo No.1060(d)/80-81/2009 dated 19-11-2009. On the other</p>

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			<p>hand, the rest of the leases have though been cancelled in papers, the leasees concerned have kept the lands under their occupation.</p> <p>In the name of lease, various companies continue to encroach on Jum-farming land and Mouza land of Jumma people and evict them from their ancestral land. One of the examples of this is that Lama Rubber Industries Ltd. has forcibly seized Jum-farming land of three Mro and Tripura villages of Sarai Union of Lama Upazila with the help of local administration and army. Since April 2022, Lama Rubber Industries Limited has attacked and torched three Jumma villages more than a dozen times.</p>
<b>D.9.</b>	<p>The Government shall allocate additional finance on priority basis for the implementation of increased number of projects towards developments in the Chittagong Hill Tracts. The Government shall implement new Project on priority basis for the construction of required infrastructure for the development of the region and shall allocate necessary finance to this end. Keeping in view the environment of this region, the Government shall encourage the development of tourism facilities for the tourists, indigenous and foreign.</p>	<p><b>The implementation process is undergoing.</b> In the development for all people of CHT, as to implement more projects, program is in continuation aiming at receiving additional grant of money on priority basis. The local tourism has been devolved to the Hill District Councils. Programs are ahead to achieve socio-economic development while keeping unhurt the environment and lifestyles &amp; culture of the tribal communities of this region.</p>	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> CHT Regional Council is not involved to deal activities of Tourism including development program. The local Tourism, i.e. tourism of hill district has though been transferred to Hill District Councils in 2014, but it is not devaluated properly. The office and tourism centers run by Bangladesh Tourism Corporation or some other organizations have not been transferred to the Hill District Councils. In place of devolvement of the subject 'Tourism', the Hill District Councils has been left with only the provision by which the Hill District Councils can develop tourism at its own fund the provision of which is absolutely contradictory to the spirit of the Accord. On the contrary, various government agencies and authorities, army and various business institutions have established tourism centers and running them violating the Hill District Council Acts and CHT Regional Council Act.</p> <p>The Regional Council had several meetings with the concerned ministry in 2015 to transfer the concerned offices and institutions of Tourism to the Hill District Councils through issuance of an Executive Order cancelling the devaluation of function of the Subject Tourism through the Agreement with the Hill District Councils in 2014 and it was decided that the concerned offices and institutions would be transferred. But this has not yet been implemented.</p> <p>It should also be noted that the government and private sectors are encroaching on the Jum-farming land and Mouza Land of Jumma people in three districts of CHT (Rangamati, Khagrachari and Bandarban) through various projects including the establishment of resorts, tourist centers, hotels and motels. Such as, the luxurious five-star hotel and amusement park under construction at Chimbuk hill in Bandarban with the joint investment of Bangladesh Army's corporate institution 'Sena Kalyan Trust' and the controversial Sikdar Group (R&amp;R Holdings) is one example. As a result of this project, it is feared that approximately 1000 acres of traditional land and agricultural land of Jumma people will be dispossessed. As a result of which 6 villages will face direct eviction and the traditional livelihood of approximately 10 thousand residents of 116 villages, farming land, fruit plantations, holy places, graveyard and water sources will be greatly affected. Besides, the protected forest, environment and biodiversity of the area will soon be destroyed.</p>



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			There are also allegations that the Army have established resorts, restaurants, shopping centers etc. at Dola Mro Para (Jiban Nagar), Kaprue Mro Para (Nilgiris), Chimbuk Shola Mile and Y Junction (12 Mile) of in Chimbuk hill, Keokradong Top of Ruma, Ruilui Mouza of Sajek under Baghaichari upazila etc. Attempts are being made to expropriate a large amount of land belonging Jumma people who are poor and generally backward living in the area.
<b>D.10.</b>	Quota reservation and stipend grant: The Government shall maintain the quota system for the tribals in respect of government service and in institutions for higher studies until their attainment of parity with other regions of the country. To the aforesaid end, the Government shall grant increased number of stipends for the tribal male and female students in the educational institutions. The Government shall provide necessary scholarships for higher education and research in foreign countries.	<b>Implemented.</b> From the Ministry of Education, seats have been kept reserved in the higher educational institutions for the tribal students. But on October 4, 2018, the existing quota system in the 1st and 2nd class government jobs has been cancelled.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> The government scrapped the quota system for class-I and II jobs (from 9th to 13th grade) in the civil service on 4 October 2018 following the quota reform movement of the students across the country. However, the quota system will remain in force for class-III and class-IV jobs and for admission in the higher educational institutions. The number of seats in the earlier quotas has been reduced in different educational institutions. The government opinion stating ‘the provision to have been fully implemented’ is not correct.
<b>D.11.</b>	The Government and the Elected Representatives shall strive to uphold the characteristics of tribal creed and culture. The Government shall patronize and help the cultural activities of the tribes towards their efflorescence at national level.	<b>Implemented.</b> The government, in order to develop the tribal cultural activities to national level, has established Small Ethnic Group Cultural Institutes in the three hill districts. Grants from the Ministry of Cultural Affairs are made available to the cultural institutes. The issue of preservation and development of languages and culture of tribes, small ethnic groups has been ensured through inclusion under Sub-Article 23(a) in the 15th amendment to the constitution.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> The distinctness of tribal customs and culture has not been ascertained as yet. There is lacking of proper patronization and assistance to develop the tribal customs and culture to national level.  The hill (Jumma) peoples are termed as Bengalis in the Constitution. The demand for constitutional recognition of the various multi-lingual ethnic nationalities of CHT region has not been fulfilled through the provision as mentioned under Article 23(a) of the constitution.  The Small Ethnic Group Cultural Institute Act 2010 has been framed without consultation with the CHT Regional Council. The government has stepped up no effective measures aimed at preservation and development of unique heritage and culture of the tribal people.



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<b>D.12.</b>	The Jana Samhati Samiti shall, within 45 (forty-five) days of the signing of this Agreement, submit lists of all its members to the Government including the armed ones, and the particulars of arms and ammunitions in its possession and within its control.	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>D.13.</b>	The Government and the Jana Samhati Samiti shall, within 45 (forty-five) days of the signing of this Agreement, jointly determine the date, time and place for deposit of arms. After the determination of the date and place for deposit of arms and ammunitions of the listed members of Jana Samhati Samiti, all sorts of security shall be provided for the return of the members of Jana Samhati Samiti as per list also of their family members to normal life.	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<b>Implemented.</b>
<b>D.14.</b>	The Government shall declare amnesty for those members who will deposit arms and ammunitions on the scheduled date. The Government shall withdraw all those cases which were lodged against them.	<b>Implemented.</b> As per the information received from the CHT Regional Council, a list of 999 cases filed against 2524 persons has been deposited with the Ministry of Home Affairs. Of them, 844 cases have been sorted. Of them, 720 cases have been sent to the Ministry of Home Affairs for withdrawal.	This provision of the Accord has been partially implemented. A list of 839 cases against 2524 persons was submitted to the government. The three district committees for Withdrawal of Cases headed by Deputy Commissioner, after vetting, sent 720 cases attached with recommendations for withdrawal to the Ministry of Home. But no gazette notification relating to withdrawal of the cases has been made public. Besides, no decision has been taken on withdrawal of 119 cases. It is to be mentioned that the persons awarded punishment in abscondia for being involved in 43 cases made mercy petition to the Honorable President. Those appeals have not yet been sent to the Honorable President from the Ministry of Home Affairs. Furthermore, the three District Committees for withdrawal of cases could not yet find out the cases lodged with the martial court.
<b>D.15.</b>	In the event of any person's failing to deposit arms within the specified time limit, the Government shall take legal action against such a person.	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<b>Implemented.</b>

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<b>(D) REHABILITATION, GENERAL AMNESTY AND OTHER MATTERS:</b>			
<b>D.16.</b>	A general amnesty shall be given to all the members of the Jana Samhati Samiti after their return to normal life and a general amnesty shall also be given to all the permanent inhabitants connected with the activities of the Jana Samhati Samiti.	<b>Implemented.</b> The circular of General Amnesty has been issued from the Ministry of Home Affairs.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	a) For the purpose of rehabilitating the returning members of the Jana Samhati Samiti, Taka 50,000/00 per family shall be given at a time.	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<b>Implemented.</b>
	b) After deposit of arms and return to normal life of all such members, including the armed ones, of the Jana Samhati Samiti against whom cases were filed, warrants of arrest were issued, 'hulias' were published or sentence was given on trial in absentia, as against them all cases shall be withdrawn, warrants of arrest and 'hulias' shall be called back and sentence given in absentia shall be remitted as early as possible. If any member of the Jana Samhati Samiti is in Jail, he too shall be set at liberty.	<b>Implemented.</b> After the Accord, 999 cases filed against 2524 persons has been deposited. Of them, 844 cases have been sorted. Of them, 720 cases have been sent to the Ministry of Home Affairs for withdrawal.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> As per this provision, 19 members of PCJSS have been released from jail. 720 cases have been sent to the Ministry of Home with recommendations for withdrawal. But no gazette notification relating to withdrawal of the cases has been made public.
	c) Similarly, after deposit of arms and return to normal life, no case shall be filed against or punishment be given to or arrest be made of any person merely on account of his/her being a member of the Jana Samhati Samiti.	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<b>Implemented.</b>

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	d) The loans which were taken by such members of the Jana Samhati Samiti from Government Banks and Establishments, who could not have utilized such loan properly on account of the state of belligerency, shall be remitted with interest.	<b>Implemented.</b> Relating to loan defaulters, at the first phase, 642 persons were exempted and coordinated. At the 2nd phase, in the mean while, from among the 719 persons, cases of 33 persons have been coordinated at individual initiative. For the remaining 686 persons, the opinion and list have been sought from the district administration as to exempt the loan as unrefunded loan default cases. To that end, on 22/09/2016, a list of 686 persons, another list of 33 persons and new list of 160 persons have been received in the Ministry – all of which have been sent to the Ministry of Finance.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> A list of loan amounting to Taka 22,783 received by 4 members of Jana Samhati Samiti was submitted for exemption. The loan has not yet been exempted.
	e) Those of the returned members of the Jana Samhati Samiti, who were previously in the service of the Government or of government organizations, shall be reinstated to their respective posts and the members of the Jana Samhati Samiti and members of their families shall be given employment in accordance with their qualification. In this respect, government policy regarding relaxation of age-bar for them shall be followed.	<b>Implemented.</b> After threadbare sorting of the information/data received from the CHT Regional Council, a list of 262 persons has been published in the gazette and Regulation of facilities for the said 262 persons, in order to pay due salary/allowances/increments, statement with financial break-ups has been sent to the concerned ministry. The task is lying under process with the concerned ministries in light of that.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> A list of 78 members of PCJSS who had been in government services was submitted to the government. From among them, 64 persons were reinstated to their previous services. To award them with seniority status and other facilities, “Reinstated Tribal Employees (Exceptional Facilities) Rules 2015” has been formulated by the CHT Affairs Ministry.  As per the provision, many employees are enjoying the facilities but many others among the enlisted have remained excluded from the due facilities. It is noteworthy that some concerned employees had been left out from the list of the employees. This was brought to the notice of the concerned authority long before. Their issue deserves to be considered by the government.  The returnee members of PCJSS and their family members are not being appointed in jobs as per their qualification and no relaxation is being applied in their age-limit.
	f) Priority shall be given to the members of the Jana Samhati Samiti in giving bank loans on simple terms with a view to helping their self-employment	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<b>Unimplemented.</b> This provision of the Accord has not been implemented. The government keeps pending approval of fund for 1429 self-reliance projects submitted by the PCJSS members in June-July 1998.

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	generating activities such as cottage industries, horticulture, etc.		
	g) Education facilities shall be provided to the children of the members of the Jana Samhati Samiti and their certificates obtained from foreign Boards academic Institutions shall be treated as valid.	<b>Implemented.</b> The certificates received from foreign country have been reckoned to be legal. The issue of facilities for education of the children of PCJSS members is on-going.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Certificates obtained from foreign board and educational institutions by the children of returnee members of PCJSS have been made legal. But no education facilities have been given to the children of returnee members of PCJSS as of this day.
<b>D.17.</b>	a) After the signing and execution of the Agreement between the Government and the Jana Samhati Samiti and immediately after return of the members of Jana Samhati Samiti to normal life, all the temporary camps of the army, the Ansars and the Village Defence Party (VDP), excepting the Border Security Force (BDR) and permanent army establishment (being those three at the three district headquarters and those at Alikadam, Ruma and Dighinala), shall be taken back by phases from Chittagong Hill Tracts to permanent cantonments and the time-limit shall be fixed for its purpose. In case of deterioration of the law and order situation, in time of normal calamities and for similar other purposes, Army Forces may be deployed under the authority of the civil administration in adherence to Law and Rules as are applicable to all the other parts of the country. In this respect, the Regional Council may, in order to get the required or timely help make requests to the appropriate authority.	<b>Partoally Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<p><b>Unimplemented.</b> After signing the Accord, it has been learnt that from among more than 500 camps, it was only 70 temporary camps were withdrawn in 1997-1999 and 35 temporary camps in 2009-2013 were withdrawn. But many of the withdrawn camps have been re-established back. At least 20 camps have been re-established during the Covid-19 pandemic.</p> <p>As per this provision of the Accord, no time-line for withdrawal of the temporary camps back to their respective permanent stations has been fixed. With exception to border forces (BDR at present BGB) and 6 permanent cantonments (3 in 3 hill district headquarters and Alikadam, Ruma and Dighinala), the other temporary camps of Army, Ansar and Village Defence forces numbering more than 400 have not been withdrawn from CHT in gradual manner as envisaged.</p> <p>It is to be mentioned that in place of 'Operation Dabanol' (Operation Wildfire), 'Operation Uttoran' (Operation Upliftment) was unilaterally promulgated and imposed by the government in CHT. By merit of the 'Operation Uttoran', the army has been playing the decision-making role in all the affairs including the general administration, law &amp; order and development sectors and has been doing its best to hinder the implementation process of the CHT Accord by various means and ways.</p> <p>As per this provision of the Accord, it is agreeable that fixation of the time-line for withdrawal of the temporary camps to their respective permanent stations, gradual withdrawal of all the temporary camps and withdrawal of Operation Uttoran are made.</p> <p>On the other hand, instead of withdrawing all the temporary camps, a directive was issued from the APBN Headquarters on 13 April 2022 in the name of "implementing the decision of the 5th meeting of the CHT Accord Implementation and Monitoring Committee" that "police will be deployed in the site of 240 camps withdrawn by the army". It was mentioned in the directive that "Initially, police will be deployed in 30 camps," In fact, the initiative to set up APBN camp in place of the withdrawn army camp is a direct violation of CHT Accord.</p>

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	b) The lands and premises abandoned by the cantonments, the camps of the military and para-military forces shall be made over to their real owners or to the Hill District Councils.	<b>Partially implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<p><b>Partially implemented.</b> The lands of few camps among the withdrawn one have been returned to actual owners. But some cases, though the authorities of the withdrawn camps abandoned the lands, transferring the lands to the actual owners has not been done. In these abandoned sites, the army has taken initiative to establish camps afresh. As most of the temporary camps have not been withdrawn, lands of many Jumma people are still under occupation of the army.</p> <p>Instead of handing over the lands abandoned by the army camp to the real owner or the Hill District Council as per these clauses of the Accord, the government has taken the initiative to set up APBN camps on the land abandoned by the camps, which is completely contradictory and ultra-virus to the CHT Accord.</p>
<b>D.18.</b>	Against all the posts of officers of all ranks and employees of different classes in government, semi-government, local government and autonomous bodies of the Chittagong Hill Tracts, the permanent dwellers of the Chittagong Hill Tracts shall be appointed, subject to priority being given to the tribals. But, in case of non-availability of a qualified person among the permanent dwellers of Chittagong Hill Tracts for any post, appointment may be made to such post on deputation from the Government or for a definite period.	<b>Implemented.</b> Proceedings have been undertaken as per the Accord.	<p><b>Partially implemented.</b> This provision is not being implemented properly. To make this provision of the Accord effective, CHT Regional Council submitted recommendations to the Ministry of CHT Affairs and Ministry of Establishment (at present Ministry of Public Administration).</p> <p>In this regard, on 22 October 2000 the Ministry of Establishment provided favorable advice to make the issue effective. According to the said advice, the Ministry of CHT Affairs, in order to include this provision of the Accord in the concerned appointment regulations, sent to various ministries or departments or institutions on 25-08-2002. However, no progress has been made in this regard.</p> <p>CHT Regional Council re-submitted recommendations on this issue. In context to the approach, the Public Administration Ministry issued gazette notification on 27 June 2014 to make the provision effective. The said notification has not yet been sent to the concerned departments, institutions and authorities in CHT.</p>
<b>D.19.</b>	<p>A ministry on Chittagong Hill Tracts shall be established on appointing a Minister from among the tribals. The following Advisory Committee shall be constituted to lend support to this Ministry:</p> <p>a) The Minister on Chittagong Hill Tracts;</p> <p>b) The Chairman/ Representative,</p>	<b>Implemented.</b> As per the Accord, a tribal person has been appointed as State Minister in the Ministry of CHT Affairs. He applies full power of a full fledged Minister as Minister-In-Charge. There is an Advisory Committee of 12 members to assist the Ministry.	<p><b>Implemented.</b> It is due to not having been amended the 'Allocation of Business 1996' of various concerned ministries, the said ministries are dealing with the CHT related affairs as before. Consequently, the Ministry of CHT Affairs could not become properly effective. Therefore, it is desirable that the existing Allocation of Business 1996 of the various concerned ministries are amended in line with the Accord.</p> <p>Most of the officials and staff of the CHT Affairs Ministry are not residents of CHT. They are not sensitive in most cases on overall issues of CHT. Hence, the Accord implementation process including the making effective of CHT Regional Council Act and three Hill District Council Acts</p>

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	<p>Regional Council;</p> <p>c) The Chairman/ Representative, Rangamati Hill District Council;</p> <p>d) The Chairman/ Representative, Khagrachari Hill District Council;</p> <p>e) The Chairman/ Representative, Bandarban Hill District Council;</p> <p>f) The Member of the Parliament, Rangamati;</p> <p>g) The Member of the Parliament, Khagrachari;</p> <p>h) The Member of the Parliament, Bandarban;</p> <p>i) The Chakma Raja</p> <p>j) The Bohmang Raja</p> <p>k) The Mong Raja</p> <p>l) Three non-tribal Members nominated by the Government from amongst the permanent residents of the three hill districts.</p>		<p>is being deterred in various ways. Besides, at present, meeting of the Advisory Committee is not convened. Indeed, the Advisory Committee may be ascribed to be a nomenclature only.</p>



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